

EQUALITY AND DIVERSITY POLICY

AREA: Staff and Learners

TOPIC: Equality and Diversity for Staff and Learners

1. Policy Statement

- 1.1 Herefordshire, Ludlow and North Shropshire College is committed to creating an inclusive college, where all people are treated with dignity and respect and where we anticipate and respond positively to different needs and circumstances so that everyone can achieve their potential.
- 1.2 We are committed to promoting and advancing equality of opportunity, not only because it is an important part of the mission, vision and values of the College, but also because, by attracting and retaining the most diverse range of talented people as learners, staff and partners, we will ensure the College's future success.
- 1.3 Herefordshire, Ludlow and North Shropshire College is committed to promoting the practice of fairness and to eliminating inequality based on the grounds of age, disability, learning needs, family responsibility, marital status, culture, ethnicity, nationality, religious beliefs, gender, gender reassignment, sexual orientation, trade union activity, unrelated criminal convictions or other irrelevant criteria. We aim to recognise and value the contribution made by each individual to our learning environment.

1.4 Antisemitism

The College has adopted the non-legally binding working definition of antisemitism: 'Antisemitism is a certain perception of Jews, which may be expressed as hatred towards Jews. Rhetorical and physical manifestations of antisemitism are directed towards Jewish or non-Jewish individuals and /or their property, towards Jewish community institutions and religious facilities.'Manifestations might include but is not limited to calling for, aiding or justifying the harming of Jews in the name of radical ideology or an extremist view of religion. Making mendacious, dehumanising, demonizing or stereotypical allegations about Jews. This can be expressed in speech, writing, visual forms and actions.

The College views any acts of antisemitism in any form as gross misconduct.

1.5 The College strives to ensure that all staff and learners, whether existing or potential, receive fair treatment when making an application; in terms of their retention, achievements and employability, not least in relation to under-represented groups within the community.

For further information about the procedures of Disability Support Allowance and step-by-step guidance taking you from application to receiving support please view the www.yourdsa.com website.

2. Purpose and Aims

- To provide structure and guidance for staff and Governors
- To adhere to the Equality Act 2010 and the Equality Duty 2011
- To relate to the College's Single Equality Scheme
- To prevent discrimination
- To promote equality of opportunity
- To promote good relations between people
- To actively challenge stereotypes, prejudiced attitudes and discriminatory behaviour
- To acknowledge and celebrate diversity
- To respect other regardless of visible and non-visible differences
- To comply with current legislation and guidance
- To commit to inclusive education
- To support learners and staff to develop their full potential

For College members to be accountable for their compliance with the policy

3. Rights and Responsibilities

- 3.1 Learners, staff, governors, agency workers, visitors and contractors are required to support and uphold the principles set out in the policy. Partners and Employers are expected to maintain these standards when working with Learners, through their own Equality and Diversity Policies or by adhering to college policies.
- 3.2 HLNSC is responsible for ensuring appropriate equality policies, procedures and structures are in place and that such policies and procedures are effectively monitored and implemented. The equality and diversity policy is reviewed by the Equality and Diversity Committee and approved by the Corporation on an annual basis, or earlier where required, for example to respond to legislative changes.
- 3.3 The Corporation, the College's governing body, has overall responsibility for equality and diversity.
- 3.4 The commitment of all members of the College's community is required to make the policy a success. Failure to comply with this Policy by staff or learners will be investigated and may result in disciplinary action.
- 3.5 If you experience or witness any harassment, discrimination or bullying, please report it as soon as possible, even if it is not directed at you personally. Reporting procedures are detailed at Appendix A.

3.6 The policy is developed within the framework of UK and European legislation, listed at Appendix B.

4. Promoting the policy and equality of opportunity

The College will promote equality of opportunity by:

- ensuring that all employees and governors understand their responsibilities and accountabilities for promoting equality of opportunity;
- consulting with students and employees, using the outcomes to guide future action;
- making the College welcoming to all, irrespective of age, disability, race, ethnicity, gender, religion or belief, marital status, pregnancy or maternity status, sex, gender reassignment, sexual orientation or social background;
- identifying and removing barriers, within the College's control, which hinder or prevent students or employees from achieving their full potential;
- taking positive action to create an environment that is welcoming to students and employees from ethnic minority cultures;
- ensuring that all curriculum teams actively seek opportunities within their programmes to celebrate diversity, widen students' cultural understanding and prepare them to be effective citizens;
- training and developing all employees to ensure that they have the skills needed to promote equality of opportunity.

5. Implementation and training

- 5.1 The Policy is implemented through training staff and through the whole of the College's activities, which is underpinned by an extensive plan of staff training and development through the annual Continuous Development Plan (CPD).
 - Development plans are used to help embed equality and diversity into the curriculum. Course teams take account of individual and group needs, and plan to take full advantage of learning opportunities to promote equality and diversity in the classroom. Self assessment is used to identify areas of strength and areas for improvement against the nine protected characteristics.
- 5.2 Our Single Equality Scheme and Action Plan detail how we are continuously improving our equality practice and how we meet our legal requirements under the general and specific equality duties.
- 5.3 We monitor and review equality impact through our Single Equality Scheme and by Equality Risk Assessments for specific processes or situations such as mergers and COVID 19 arrangements..
- 5.4 Teaching and Learning strategies and implementation embrace the Equality & Diversity agenda
- 5.5 The whole College community and its partners are represented through our Equality and Diversity Committee and all staff are given the opportunity to comment on related policies.

- 5.6 One Governor has specific responsibilities for equality and diversity and ensures College Corporation is fully informed of developments in this area.
- 5.7 We protect children and vulnerable adults through processes set out in our Safeguarding and Child Protection (including the Prevent Duty) Policy.

6. Provision of facilities

The College provides private facilities for staff, students, Governors and visitors to use for purposes such as prayer, multi faith acts, breast feeding and reflection. Each campus has a allocated room for this purpose.

7. Definition of terms

7.1 **Equality**

'Equality' means treating all groups of people fairly, providing equality of opportunity and removing barriers to success. It is not about treating everybody the same because different people have different needs. For example, making reasonable adjustments for disabled people (like providing additional time in exams for dyslexic learners) removes barriers to equality of opportunity and helps prevent discrimination. Increasing our understanding of the needs of different groups of people promotes good relations between people.

7.2 Equality protected characteristics

Equality laws exist to protect the groups of people who have traditionally faced discrimination. These groups of people share 'equality protected characteristics' such as age, disability (including physical, mental and learning impairments), race, sex, pregnancy, maternity and breastfeeding, gender identity, marriage or civil partnership status, religion or belief and sexual orientation. Everyone has several of these protected characteristics therefore everyone is protected by equality legislation from discrimination in education, at work and in other situations.

7.3 **Diversity**

Valuing diversity means we consider visible and non-visible individual differences, which include personal characteristics such as background, culture and personality in addition to the equality protected characteristics. The aim of managing diversity is to realise the potential of every individual learner and staff member.

7.4 Harassment

Harassment is defined as "unwanted conduct related to a relevant protected characteristic that has the purpose or effect of violating an individual's dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for that individual." Harassment may include unwanted behaviour that makes you feel uncomfortable, even if it was not intended to do so, and even if it was not directed at you personally. For example, a member of staff makes comments on a student's sexuality in a way that makes the student feel uncomfortable.

7.5 **Discrimination**

There are different types of discrimination:

7.5.1 **Direct** discrimination is treating a person worse than another because of an equality protected characteristic. For example, a college only shortlists male applicants for interview because they assume women will not fit in.

A person can experience direct discrimination because of a protected characteristic, even if the person does not have the characteristic himself or herself.

Discrimination based on 'perception' occurs when someone is treated worse because they are thought to have a protected characteristic, whether correctly or incorrectly. For example, a college decides not to promote a female employee because senior staff believe her to be pregnant, irrespective of whether she is pregnant or not.

Discrimination because of 'association' with someone who has a protected characteristic occurs when, for example, an employee is overlooked for promotion because their partner has undergone gender reassignment.

- 7.5.2 Indirect discrimination is when the same rule is applied to everyone but it has a worse impact on people with a particular protected characteristic and cannot be justified. For example, an employer who requires staff to commit to working from 8pm to 11pm every evening indirectly discriminates against women, who are more likely to be primary carers of children.
- 7.6 **Disability-related** discrimination or 'discrimination arising from disability' and failure to make reasonable adjustments are forms of discrimination unique to disability, that involve treating a disabled person in a particular way that, because of their disability, amounts to treating them unfavourably. For example, a student with diabetes, carrying medication related to their condition, is refused entry by the college to an event with a no drugs policy.

7.7 Victimisation

Victimisation means treating someone worse than another because s/he has asserted their legal rights in line with equality legislation or helped someone else to do so. For example, a learner alleges that they have encountered racism from a tutor, and as a result they are ignored by other staff members.

7.8 **Bullying**

Bullying is a form of abuse involving persistent, offensive, abusive, intimidating or insulting behaviour, abuse of power or unfair penal sanctions which makes the recipient feel upset, threatened, humiliated or vulnerable,. Bullying may be emotional, verbal or physical and it is not always obvious or apparent to others. It can be between two individuals or it may involve groups of people.

Bullying, harassment and discrimination can occur in any media, not just face-to-face actions. For example, it may take the form of written communications,

- by phone, email, social networking sites, by SMS (texting), screen-savers or posters.
- 7.9 **Safeguarding** is about the protection of children and vulnerable adults and our approach is detailed in our Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy (including the Prevent Duty).

8. Policy Review

This policy will be reviewed on an annual basis via the College Management Team the Safeguarding and Equality and Diversity Committee, the Quality and Standards Committee and the full Board meeting.

Appendix A:

Reporting Discrimination, Harassment or Bullying

All staff are responsible for recognising and dealing informally with any incident of bias, stereotyping or discrimination. Where a learner wishes to report an incident of bias or stereotyping or discrimination the personal tutor or a member of the teaching team will be happy to discuss the matter (Stage 1 of the College Complaints Procedure).

Should staff feel that an incident of bias or stereotyping or discrimination has occurred they should report it to their Line Manager and/or through use of the College Grievance Procedure.

Staff

Please report incidents to your Line Manager, a member of the College Management Team, a member of Personnel or a Union Representative.

Formal cases will be dealt with through the bullying policy, Grievance Policy and/or the Disciplinary Policy as appropriate to each individual case.

Learners

Please report incidents to your Tutor, your Team Leader, your Assistant Principal, or a member of Learner Services.

The formal process is detailed in the bullying policy.

Reporting Hate Incidents

A hate incident is any type of incident perceived to be racist, homophobic or driven by other prejudice by the victim or any other person. If you experience or witness a hate incident, please report it to Learner Services.

Appendix B:

Legal Framework

This Policy reflects, but is not limited to, legislation from the following Acts:

Equality Act 2010
Equality Duty 2011
Human Rights Act 1998
Protection from Harassment Act 1997
Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974
Special Educational Needs and Disability Act 2001
Data Protection Act 2018

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